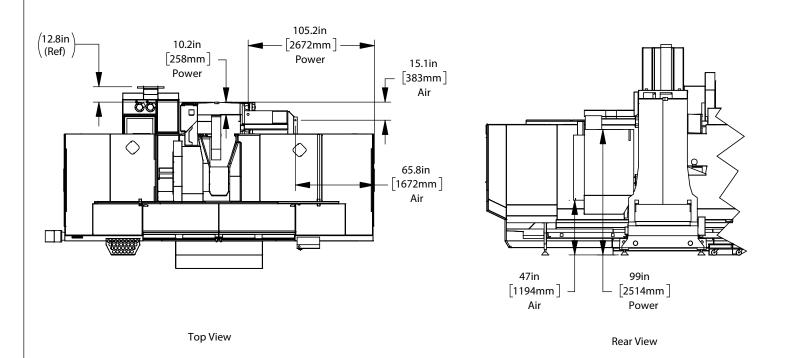
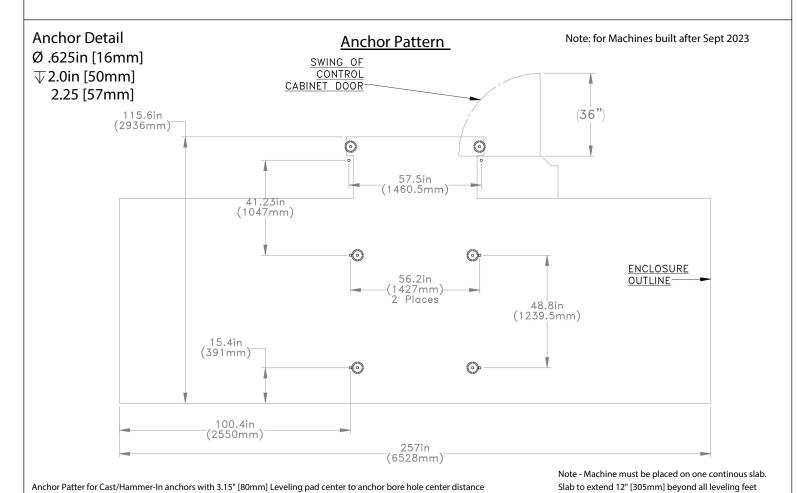
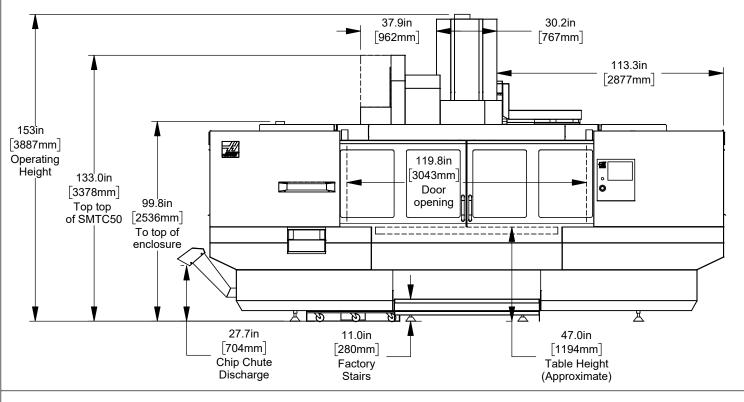


Air & Power

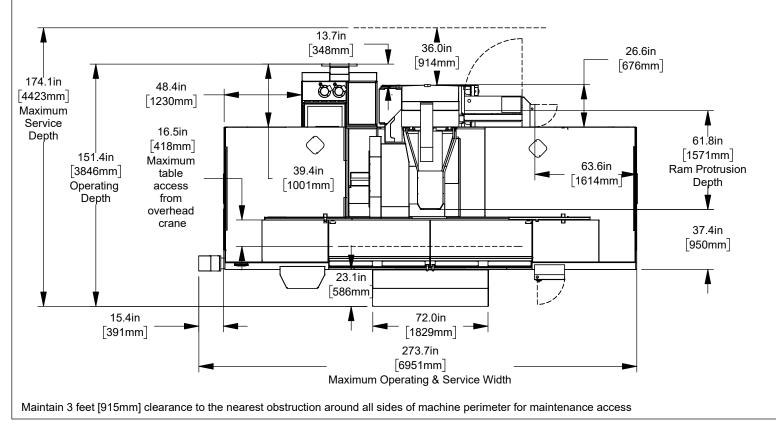




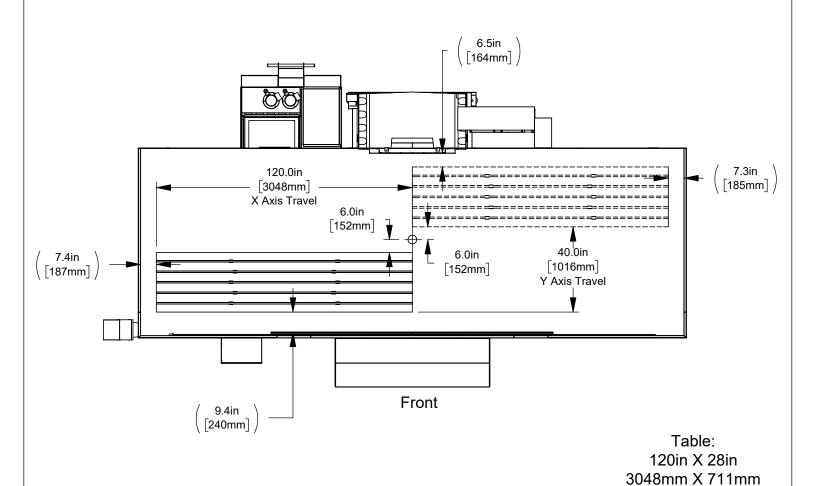
Height Breakdown



Width and Depth Breakdown

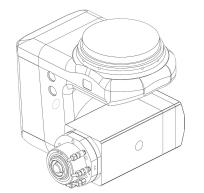


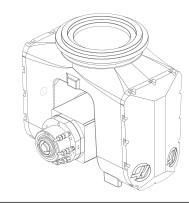
X & Y-Axis Travel at B0



B & C axis Travel Top View STD Spindle Shown Side View C+245° C-245° 0 B+120deg B-120deg C0 Front of machine C0 Front of machine **B** Axis Tilt limits +245° C Axis -245° C Axis Positive Rotation Limit **Negative Rotation Limit**

Isometric Views of B and C Axis heads for Visual Reference





Yoke
Dual Support

X&Y-Axis Clearance at B90 with C at 0. 90, -90, and 180
(Measurements applicable to both Single and Dual Supports)

Notes -

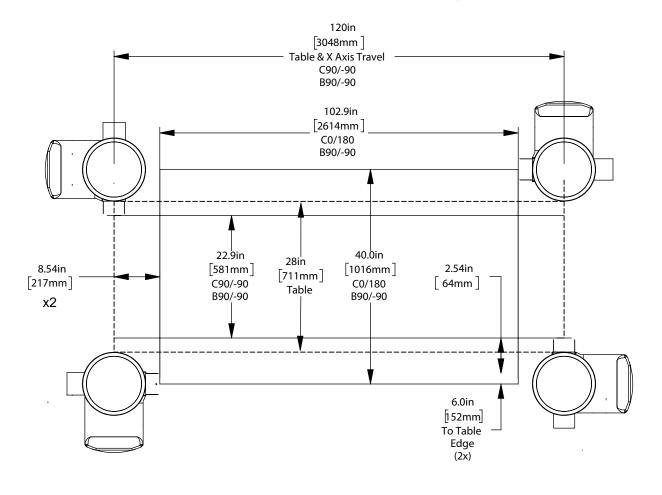
Gimbal

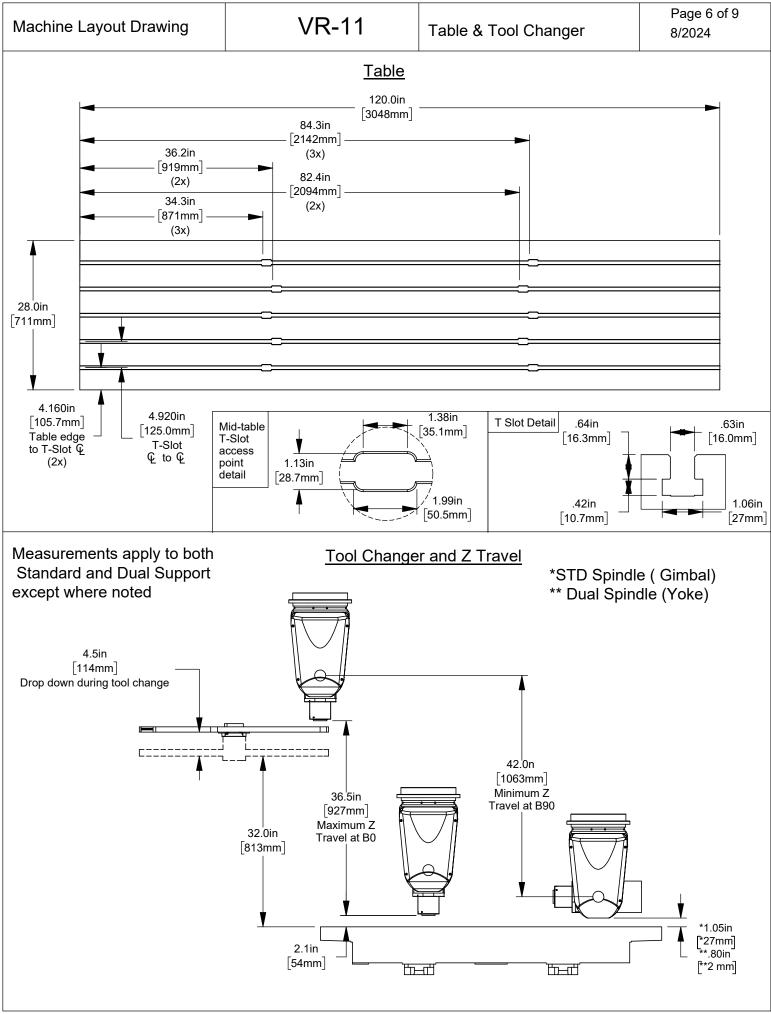
Single Support

The schematic above shows the B90° work envelope with no tool in the spindle.

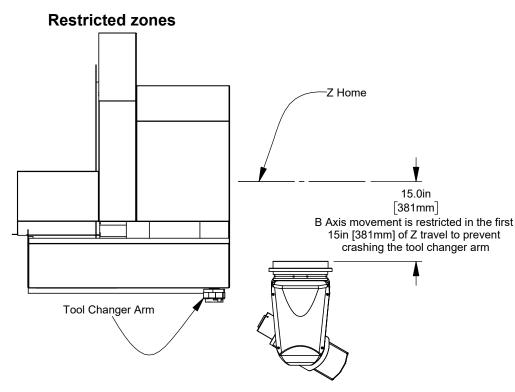
Depending on the part size and how many faces require machining, the part may need to be centered or offset to one side of the table.

Subtract (the longest tool length required on each side of the part) + (clearance) from the travels shown below to determine the maximum size workpiece based on your tooling requirements



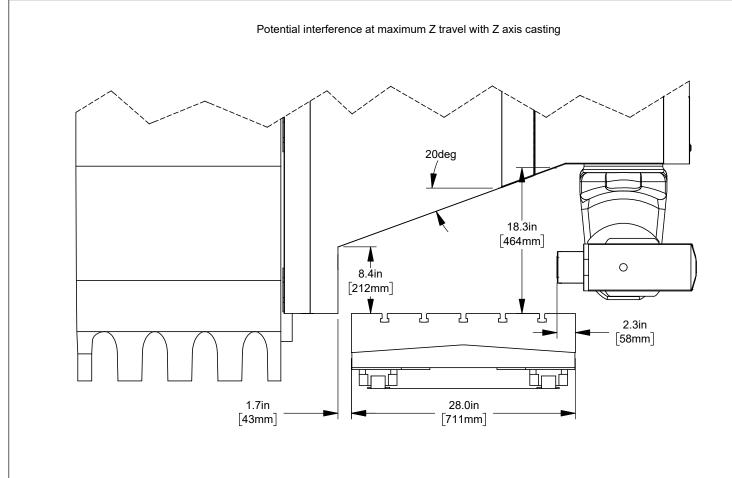


NOTE- Spindle must be empty before Powerup/Restart is performed or the B axis may crash the tool changer

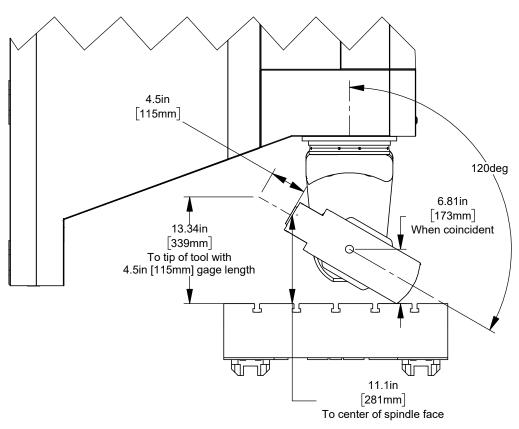


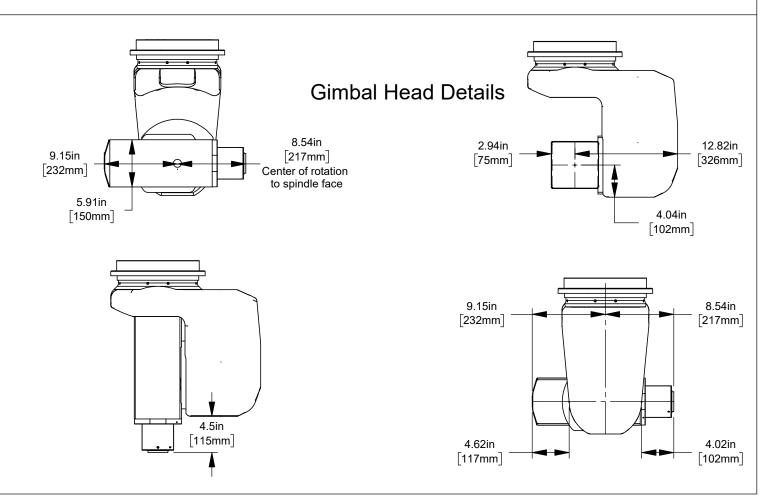
In addition to the tool changer interference zone, the machine has restricted zones between the gimbal head and fixed machine elements

When Setting 408 = 1 the interference zones account for the tool length based on its Z geometry in the offset table When Setting 408 = 0 the tool length is not considered in the interference zones



Minimum Z height to reach B120°





Dual Support Yoke Head Details

